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## CHAMPIONSHIP DREAMS



Players get down to business in the round robin phase of the three championship events

The round robin phase has begun for three events at the World Team Championships in Veldhoven, and all competitors still have their eyes on the big prizes.
With only three matches played so far, even those at the bottom of the standings can remain hopeful in the Bermuda Bowl,Venice Cup and D'Orsi Senior Bowl.
As the magician who performed on opening night at the tournament said,"Anything is possible in Veldhoven." Teams from around the world are working hard to make that statement a reality.
At this early point, some teams have a rosier outlook than others. In the Bermuda Bowl, pre-tournament favorite Italy is where observers expected them to be - at the top of the standings after dispatching Chile, Japan and Bulgaria by an average margin of more than 47 IMPs, enough to earn them 72 victory points out of a possible 75.

Right behind the Italians are the favorites of the hosts the Netherlands, also undefeated through three matches.
continued on page l7...

## Contents

Tournament Results . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .2-3
The Language of Bridge . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
Venice Cup Round I (USA I - USA 2) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6
d'Orsi Senior Bowl Round 2 (Indonesia - France) ....... IO
By a Head of a Horse (Por una Cabeza...) . . . . . . . . . . . . . I3
Bermuda Bowl Round I (USA I - USA 2) .............. I 14
The Morning Line . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 17
Aggressive Icebidding Pays Off . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . I8

## Line-ups online

Captains can submit their line-ups online at http://lineup.bridgechamp.com


|  | ROUND I |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |  |
| I | Italy | Chile | $90-20$ | $25-1$ |  |
| 2 | USA I | USA 2 | $38-58$ | $10-20$ |  |
| 3 | Pakistan | Canada | $32-21$ | $17-13$ |  |
| 4 | Singapore | Guadeloupe | $48-52$ | $14-16$ |  |
| 5 | South Africa | Netherlands | $25-59$ | $7-23$ |  |
| 6 | Australia | Israel | $30-35$ | $14-16$ |  |
| 7 | Sweden | Iceland | $17-50$ | $7-23$ |  |
| 8 | New Zealand | China | $44-44$ | $15-15$ |  |
| 9 | India | Bulgaria | $11-54$ | $5-25$ |  |
| IO | Poland | Egypt | $53-28$ | $21-9$ |  |
| II | Brazil | Japan | $45-32$ | $18-12$ |  |


| ROUND I |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| 21 | Morocco | Germany | $8-56$ | $4-25$ |
| 22 | France | New Zealand | $48-49$ | $15-15$ |
| 23 | Egypt | Australia | $46-11$ | $23-7$ |
| 24 | India | Sweden | $21-56$ | $7-23$ |
| 25 | USA 2 | USA I | $43-44$ | $15-15$ |
| 26 | Brazil | Poland | $42-49$ | $14-16$ |
| 27 | Canada | England | $47-45$ | $15-15$ |
| 28 | Italy | Indonesia | $8-77$ | $1-25$ |
| 29 | Venezuela | Trinidad \& Tobago | $68-21$ | $25-4$ |
| 30 | Jordan | Netherlands | $34-33$ | $15-15$ |
| 31 | Japan | China | $46-24$ | $20-10$ |


| ROUND 2 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| I | Canada | Guadeloupe | $10-8$ | $15-15$ |
| 2 | New Zealand | Iceland | $30-32$ | $15-15$ |
| 3 | Chile | Israel | $17-68$ | $4-25$ |
| 4 | Italy | Japan | $35-4$ | $22-8$ |
| 5 | USA I | China | $39-17$ | $20-10$ |
| 6 | Pakistan | Bulgaria | $14-48$ | $7-23$ |
| 7 | Singapore | Egypt | $29-26$ | $16-14$ |
| 8 | South Africa | Sweden | $20-53$ | $7-23$ |
| 9 | Australia | Poland | $33-22$ | $17-13$ |
| IO | Brazil | India | $22-25$ | $14-16$ |
| II | USA 2 | Netherlands | $23-25$ | $15-15$ |


| ROUND 2 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| 21 | USA I | Poland | $64-33$ | $22-8$ |
| 22 | Brazil | Australia | $38-29$ | $17-13$ |
| 23 | China | Indonesia | $10-17$ | $14-16$ |
| 24 | New Zealand | Trinidad \& Tobago | $39-12$ | $21-9$ |
| 25 | Germany | Netherlands | $31-5$ | $21-9$ |
| 26 | Morocco | Egypt | $32-51$ | $11-19$ |
| 27 | France | Jordan | $65-23$ | $25-5$ |
| 28 | Japan | Venezuela | $39-15$ | $21-9$ |
| 29 | India | Italy | $49-28$ | $20-10$ |
| 30 | USA 2 | Canada | $48-28$ | $20-10$ |
| 31 | Sweden | England | $30-38$ | $13-17$ |

## ROUND 3

|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| I | Guadeloupe | Netherlands | $16-81$ | $1-25$ |
| 2 | Canada | Israel | $32-30$ | $15-15$ |
| 3 | USA 2 | Japan | $24-29$ | $14-16$ |
| 4 | Brazil | Iceland | $39-16$ | $20-10$ |
| 5 | Italy | Bulgaria | $66-14$ | $25-4$ |
| 6 | USA I | Egypt | $20-30$ | $13-17$ |
| 7 | Pakistan | Sweden | $29-41$ | $12-18$ |
| 8 | Singapore | Poland | $38-34$ | $16-14$ |
| 9 | South Africa | India | $31-31$ | $15-15$ |
| IO | Australia | New Zealand | $12-16$ | $14-16$ |
| II | Chile | China | $22-25$ | $14-16$ |

## ROUND 3

|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| I | Poland | England | $17-37$ | $10-20$ |
| 2 | USA I | Indonesia | $40-30$ | $17-13$ |
| 3 | Sweden | Trinidad \& Tobago | $36-27$ | $17-13$ |
| 4 | USA 2 | Australia | $14-32$ | $11-19$ |
| 5 | New Zealand | Egypt | $36-18$ | $19-11$ |
| 6 | Germany | Jordan | $29-25$ | $16-14$ |
| 7 | Morocco | Venezuela | $26-57$ | $8-22$ |
| 8 | France | Italy | $19-39$ | $10-20$ |
| 9 | Japan | Canada | $11-64$ | $3-25$ |
| IO | India | Brazil | $31-37$ | $14-16$ |
| II | China | Netherlands | $25-47$ | $10-20$ | RESULTS

## d'Orsi Senior Bowl



| ROUND I |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| 41 | Japan | Reunion | $33-43$ | $13-17$ |
| 42 | Poland | New Zealand | $93-15$ | $25-0$ |
| 43 | USA I | USA 2 | $30-47$ | $11-19$ |
| 44 | Australia | Pakistan | $32-58$ | $9-21$ |
| 45 | Guadeloupe | Indonesia | $35-22$ | $18-12$ |
| 46 | Bulgaria | Netherlands | $17-56$ | $6-24$ |
| 47 | Brazil | India | $10-48$ | $6-24$ |
| 48 | China Hong Kong | France | $48-33$ | $18-12$ |
| 49 | Denmark | Italy | $19-40$ | $10-20$ |
| 50 | Egypt | Germany | $27-74$ | $4-25$ |
| 5 I | Canada | Argentina | $24-35$ | $13-17$ |


| Bermuda |  |  |  |  | Bowl |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I | Italy | 72 | 12 | Australia | 45 |
| 2 | Netherlands | 63 | 13 | Canada | 43 |
| 3 | Israel | 56 |  | USA I | 43 |
| 4 | Brazil | 52 | 15 | China | 41 |
|  | Bulgaria | 52 | 16 | Egypt | 40 |
| 6 | USA 2 | 49 | 17 | India | 36 |
| 7 | Iceland | 48 |  | Japan | 36 |
|  | Poland | 48 |  | Pakistan | 36 |
|  | Sweden | 48 | 20 | Guadeloupe | 32 |
| 10 | New Zealand | 46 | 21 | South Africa | 29 |
|  | Singapore | 46 | 22 | Chile | 19 |

## ROUND 2

|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 41 | Netherlands | India | $29-37$ | $13-17$ |
| 42 | Guadeloupe | Reunion | $32-25$ | $16-14$ |
| 43 | Pakistan | Italy | $28-46$ | $11-19$ |
| 44 | USA 2 | Germany | $54-16$ | $24-6$ |
| 45 | New Zealand | Japan | $22-53$ | $8-22$ |
| 46 | Argentina | Egypt | $49-35$ | $18-12$ |
| 47 | Canada | Denmark | $16-12$ | $16-14$ |
| 48 | Poland | China Hong Kong | $22-18$ | $16-14$ |
| 49 | USA I | Brazil | $30-16$ | $18-12$ |
| 50 | Australia | Bulgaria | $31-25$ | $16-14$ |
| 51 | Indonesia | France | $12-61$ | $4-25$ |


| I | Germany | 62 | 12 | USA 2 | 46 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Venezuela | 56 | 13 | Japan | 44 |
| 3 | New Zealand | 55 |  | Netherlands | 44 |
| 4 | Indonesia | 54 | 15 | India | 41 |
|  | USA I | 54 | 16 | Australia | 39 |
| 6 | Egypt | 53 | 17 | China | 34 |
|  | Sweden | 53 |  | Jordan | 34 |
| 8 | England | 52 |  | Poland | 34 |
| 9 | Canada | 50 | 20 | Italy | 31 |
|  | France | 50 | 21 | Trinidad \& Tobago | 26 |
| II | Brazil | 47 | 22 | Morocco | 23 |

## ROUND 3

|  | Home Team | Visiting Team | IMPs | VPs |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| I | Australia | USA I | $35-32$ | $16-14$ |
| 2 | Guadeloupe | Poland | $38-35$ | $16-14$ |
| 3 | Bulgaria | Canada | $54-43$ | $16-13$ |
| 4 | Brazil | Argentina | $10-43$ | $7-23$ |
| 5 | Reunion | France | $16-71$ | $3-25$ |
| 6 | Denmark | USA 2 | $31-13$ | $19-11$ |
| 7 | Egypt | Pakistan | $24-43$ | $11-19$ |
| 8 | Japan | Indonesia | $32-42$ | $13-17$ |
| 9 | Germany | Netherlands | $30-54$ | $9-21$ |
| IO | Italy | India | $9-29$ | $10-20$ |
| II | China Hong Kong | New Zealand | $51-1$ | $25-4$ |

## d'Orsi Senior Bowl

| 1 | France | 62 | 12 | Denmark | 43 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | India | 61 |  | USAI | 43 |
| 3 | Argentina | 58 | 14 | Canada | 42 |
|  | Netherlands | 58 | 15 | Australia | 41 |
| 5 | China Hong Kong | 57 | 16 | Germany | 40 |
| 6 | Poland | 55 | 17 | Bulgaria | 36 |
| 7 | USA 2 | 54 | 18 | Reunion | 34 |
| 8 | Pakistan | 51 | 19 | Indonesia | 33 |
| 9 | Guadeloupe | 50 | 20 | Egypt | 27 |
| IO | Italy | 49 | 21 | Brazil | 25 |
| II | Japan | 48 | 22 | New Zealand | 12 |

## The Language of Bridge

by Simon Cochemé

Doubles and penalties are a rich source of colourful expressions. The Dutch say "under the tram" for a contract that has been doubled and beaten. In Thailand they call an I 100 penalty a Fiat. The Italians themselves have a broader definition and say "getting a Fiat" for any penalty that coincides with a Fiat model number: 500, 800, IIO0 and 1400. The Poles call an 800 penalty a snowman, and for them a big swing at IMPs is known as a fat man. In Iceland, players say they have been christened if they concede a redoubled penalty of 1000, referring to the year in which Christianity came to Iceland.
The kiss of death, an expression borrowed from everyday language, has become a bridge cliché in English. It means you have conceded 200 at pairs (usually one down, doubled and vulnerable) on a part score deal. It is also used by the Poles, who say pocałunek Śmierci. I wonder whether the first person to use it had spotted the connection between kiss and double, both often abbreviated to X. It hadn't occurred to me until I was told that Malaysian bridge players use kiss as slang for double.
In English, a low card is occasionally called a rag, as in "I held king-rag." In Iceland, low cards are known as dogs, and the Bulgarians call them vushki, fleas.
Romania sounds like a fun country in which to play bridge. I understand that, when running a long suit, it is traditional to cry "After me, boys!" They also have a saying,"One down is not down," and, should you happen to misplay a contract, you might be told you play like a boot. A knave is known as Jimmy, presumably reverse-engineered from Jack, by way of James.
Many countries use their word for dead to mean the dummy, following the French example of le mort. Other countries prefer an inanimate male; Sweden has wooden man, Norway, Iceland and the Netherlands have blind man, Germany has straw man. In Poland, they opt for the animate and say dziadek, which means grandfather.
Clubs compensate for being the most lowly ranked suit by having the widest variety of names. The Turks call them sinek, flies; the Poles call them żołądź, acorns, and the Italians say fiori, flowers. The Chinese are more specific and call them plum blossoms.
To finesse in Germany is schneiden, to cut, and a tenace is gabel, a fork. So if you want to cut in German, you need a fork, not a knife! And they say that Germans don't have a sense of humour.
Italy's many world-class players know all the advanced plays, squeezes and the like. Lesser Italians are more familiar with these potentially costly card-play techniques: il colpo dello struzzo, the Ostrich Coup, taking a useless ruff in the hand with the longer trumps, and la battuta dell'ammiraglio, the Admiral's Salvo, drawing an extra, unnecessary, round of trumps. The one that is always costly is il colpo dell'impiccato, the Hanged Man's Coup; blocking a suit so that there is no entry to winners.
I am told the Chinese are taking the World Bridge Federation to court over the phrase Chinese finesse (where you
lead an unsupported honour in the hope that it won't be covered). Maybe we should follow the Danish model and go for an elitist label rather than a national insult. The Danes say knibning (a pinch) for a finesse, and a Chinese finesse is known as knibning polytekniker, a Polytechnic finesse.
Landy (where a bid of 24 over an opponent's INT shows both majors) is sometimes referred to as Staymanesque. The Dutch for Landy is Stayman-om-het-hoekje, literally Stay-man-round-the-corner. The Dutch also have a rather confusing meaning for telefoonnummer; not a large penalty, as in English, but a long suit without any honours, such as 10-8-7-5-4-2.
This is a deal designed to appeal to foreign readers. South was in 4s on the lead of Jimmy-Hearts.

Game All. Dealer South.
, K 73
® 87542
$\diamond$ A 54
\& 94


Declarer won in hand, drew two rounds of trumps and then played ace, king and another club, ruffing in dummy. He was soon one down, losing two trumps, a diamond and a club.
"Can you believe it?" he said."Trumps were 4-I!"
East and West were too polite to point out the correct line. Declarer should have played on flowers before touching trumps. He ruffs one of his acorn fleas with the blind man's dog. East over-ruffs but the contract is safe. Declarer cashes the king of trumps and comes back to hand and ruffs his other fly. East makes both his long trumps, but declarer doesn't lose any plum blossoms.
It was North who broke the silence. "In my country we have a saying for when a hand is played like this. We say, 'One down is ...'"
"Not in England, we don't," interrupted East, whose politeness didn't go as far as surrendering a good result.
"I was going to say '... is played like a boot'," concluded North.
The article is one of a series on language in bridge, originally published in English Bridge. Simon would like to collect more examples of interesting or amusing bridge terminology. If you think you can help, please contact him on simonx@simonx.plus.com or look for him in the Press Room later in the week.

## Just the Facts

A new feature designed to tell you more about some of the best known players here in Eindhoven.

Name Jill Meyers.
Date of Birth February.
Place of Birth New York City.
Place of Residence Santa Monica, California. What kind of food makes you happy?
I have never met a carb I didn't like.
And what drink?
Red wine.
Who is your
favourite author?


Stig Larsson.

## Do you have a favourite actor?

Nicolas Cage.

## Actress?

Meryl Streep.
What kind of music do you like to listen to?
Rock \& Classical.
Do you have a favourite painter or artist?
Van Gogh.
What do you see as your best ever result?
Marrying my husband.
Do you have a favourite hand?
Not really.
Is there a bridge book that had a profound influence on you?
I don't know if profound, but Watson's 'Play of the Hand'.
What is the best bridge country in the world?
Depends on the day, but in general the USA, Italy, Poland \& The Netherlands.
What are bridge players particularly good at (except for bridge)?
It really depends where they are from.
What is it you dislike in a person?
Dishonesty.
Do you have any superstitions concerning bridge?
Maybe the one that irks my partner the most is that I think Section A is unlucky
Who or what would you like to be if you weren't yourself?
One of my cats.
Which three people would you invite to dinner? My three closest friends, and then Jack Nicholson, Bruce Springsteen \& Oprah Winfrey.
Is there something you'd love to learn?
Quantum Physics, seriously, find it fascinating.

VUGRAPH PRESENTATIONS
Round 4 (I0.30)

Match Room


Round 5 (13.45)

| Match | Room | Teams | Series <br> Table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BBO I | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { Open } \\ & \text { (VG Studio) } \\ & 50 \text { Closed } \end{aligned}$ | China - Italy | BB/7 |
| BBO 2 | 12 Open <br> 24 Closed | Bulgaria - USA I | BB/6 |
| BBO 3 | 13 Open <br> 23 Closed | Poland - South Africa | BB/I I |
| BBO 4 | 16 Open <br> 22 Closed | Israel - USA 2 | BB/9 |
| BBO 5 | 17 Open <br> 21 Closed | England - USA I | VC/30 |
| BBO 6 | 18 Open <br> 9 Closed | France - Netherlands | OSB/50 |
| OurGame | 19 Open <br> II Closed | Venezuela - France | VC/24 |
| StepBridge | 14 Open (studio) <br> 10 Closed | Netherlands - Canada | BB/IO |

Round 3 (16.45)

| Match | Room | Teams | Series Table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BBO I | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { Open } \\ & \text { (VG Studio) } \end{aligned}$ $50 \text { Closed }$ | Bulgaria - Poland | BB/2 |
| BBO 2 | 12 Open <br> 24 Closed | Iceland - Italy | BB/6 |
| BBO 3 | 13 Open <br> 23 Closed | Netherlands - Australia | BB/II |
| BBO 4 | 16 Open <br> 22 Closed | Israel - Brazil | BB/5 |
| BBO 5 | 17 Open <br> 21 Closed | USA I - France | VC/28 |
| BBO 6 | 18 Open <br> 9 Closed | Egypt - Sweden | BB/I |
| OurGame | 19 Open <br> II Closed | China - Germany | VC/30 |
| StepBridge | 14 Open (studio) 10 Closed | Netherlands - Canada | VC/23 |

## VENICE CUP

## Round I

## USA 1

## Suddenly, nothing happened!

by Mark Horton

USA I v USA II is always a match to savour, given that they both have an excellent chance of winning the tournament, but cannot meet in the final. If the players were hoping for a quiet start to the Championships they were soon disappointed.

| . | Dealer South. E/WVul |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -KJ96 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc 107$ |  |
|  | $\checkmark 87$ |  |
|  | \& KJ754 |  |
| - A 1073 | N | - Q 842 |
| $\bigcirc$ A |  | $\bigcirc \mathrm{K}$ Q 96 |
| $\checkmark$ K Q 1093 |  | $\checkmark$ J 42 |
| - ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 2$ | S | $\bigcirc 109$ |
|  | - 5 |  |
|  | P185432 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ A 65 |  |
|  | 2 Q 63 |  |

Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
|  |  |  | Pass |
| $1 \diamond$ | Pass | 18 | Pass |
| $1{ }^{1}$ | Pass | 24 | Pass |
| 49 | All Pass |  |  |

Four Spades is a perfectly reasonable contract, but the 4I break is impossible to overcome. (If North were to lead a heart declarer could win and play a spade, when North would need to go up with the king and switch to a club.) Here North led the four of clubs and declarer was dead in the water. She took the ace, cashed the ace of hearts and played a spade but North correctly went in with the king and cashed a club before playing a heart. Declarer had to lose two more tricks, -100 .

Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
|  |  |  | $2 \diamond^{*}$ |
| Pass | 20* | Pass | Pass |
| Dbl | Pass | 24 | Pass |
| 34 | Pass | 3NT | All Pass |
| $2 \diamond$ Multi |  |  |  |
| $2 \bigcirc$ Pass or | correct |  |  |

## USA 2

Faced with a Multi $2 \diamond$ West passed and then doubled for take out. The spade fit was immediately discovered, but when East suggested the nine-trick game West was more than happy to concur.
South led the three of clubs and declarer won the third round, discarding a diamond from hand. South took the king of diamonds with the ace and fatally switched to a heart. Now declarer could win in dummy, cross to the jack of diamonds, cash two hearts and then go back to dummy with a spade to cash the diamonds, +600 and 12 IMPs to USA II.

Dealer West. Both Vul

- AK 52

PA5 3
$\triangleleft A 653$

- A 9


Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
| Pass | 2NT | Pass | 39* |
| Pass | $3{ }^{1}$ | Pass | $4 \diamond$ |
| Pass | $6\rangle$ | All Pas |  |



Janice Seamon-Molson, USA

South looked for a heart fit and then showed her diamonds. That was enough for North, who jumped to the laydown slam, +1370.

## Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
| Pass | 18* | Pass | 18* |
| Pass | INT | Pass | 2\%* |
| Pass | 24 | Pass | 3\%* |
| Pass | 3 | Pass | 34* |
| Pass | 3NT | All Pass |  |

## 1\% Strong

I 8 8-II, all hands except those with 5 spades
Here too South looked for a heart fit and then (I think) introduced the diamond suit via a transfer. It looks as if 34 was a cue bid, with North deciding the duplication of controls in that suit was a negative factor. Regardless of the veracity of that interpretation, the slam was missed and USA II added another 12 IMPs.

Dealer North. N/S Vul

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \& K \\
& \otimes 653 \\
& \diamond 10953 \\
& \& j 7654
\end{aligned}
$$

- J 10643

J 84
$\checkmark$ Q 4

- 1093

- Q 8

Q Q 1072
$\diamond$ AJ862

- Q 2
- A 9752

คAK 9
$\diamond$ K 7
\& AK 8


A view in the Open Room

## Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
|  | Pass | $1 \diamond$ | Db |
| Pass | 29 | Pass | $2 *^{*}$ |
| Dbl | Pass | Pass | 2s |
| Pass | 3s | Pass | 49 |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

The 5-2 trump split was more than declarer could cope with. Once North had raised spades South might have tried 3NT along the way, but that hardly looks right with only one diamond stopper.
Declarer was allowed to win the diamond lead, after which she crossed to the king of spades, came to hand with a club and played ace of spades and a spade. That was down two, -200.

## Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
|  | Pass | $I \diamond$ | Dbl |
| Pass | $2 \boldsymbol{2 s}$ | Pass | $2 \boldsymbol{e}$ |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

In this room North/South stopped safely for +110 and 7 IMPs to USA I.

Dealer East. E/W Vul

- A Q J 3
- J 87
$\diamond$ K 432
- 104

| - 9 | N | - 102 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle$ AKQ 109432 |  | $\bigcirc 65$ |
| $\checkmark 105$ | W E | $\checkmark$ Q 986 |
| - Q 5 | S | 2 AKJ86 |
|  | - K 87654 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ - |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ A J 7 |  |
|  | - 9732 |  |

## Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
|  |  | Pass | $2 \wedge^{*}$ |
| 3 | 49 | 5 | All Pass |

Having co-authored a book on the Multi one might be expected to give an authoritative answer to the question of what West should bid. I am not sure there is one, but as I intend to review this deal in another article I could choose to procrastinate. I would bid $4 \checkmark$, but only if that is the bid which suggests little in the way of defence.
North cashed the ace of spades, South following with the eight, and switched to the two of diamonds - one down, +100 .

## Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
|  |  | Pass | 2 ®* $^{*}$ |
| 30 | Pass | 48 | Pass |
| Pass | 4 | Dы | Pass |
| 59 | Pass | Pass | 51 |
| Pass | Pass | D | All Pass |

With the queen of diamonds onside declarer was not hard pressed to take eleven tricks, +650 and II IMPs to USA I, now right back in the match.

|  | Dealer West. None |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - J965 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc 11082$ |  |
|  | $\checkmark 72$ |  |
|  | ¢ J 84 |  |
| - AK 842 | N | ¢ Q |
| $\bigcirc$ Q |  | Q9763 |
| $\checkmark$ A 4 |  | $\checkmark$ QJ 85 |
| - A 10975 | S | ¢K632 |
|  | -1073 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ AK 54 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ K 10963 |  |
|  | 2 Q |  |

## Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
| I | Pass | INT* | Pass |
| $2 \boldsymbol{2 e}$ | Pass | $3 *$ | Pass |
| 5 | All Pass |  |  |

INT Forcing
South won the heart lead and continued the suit. Declarer ruffed, crossed to the king of clubs, unblocked the queen of spades, came to hand with the ace of clubs and cashed two spades pitching diamonds.A spade ruff was followed by a heart ruff, the ace of diamonds and a spade, +400 .

## Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
| $1{ }^{1}$ | Pass | INT* | Pass |
| 2\% | Pass | 2. | Dbl |
| Rdbl | 38 | Db | All Pass |

## INT Forcing

When East elected to go back to spades rather than raise clubs South was seduced into entering the fray. East led the queen of spades and switched to the three of hearts. When declarer played low West won with the queen, cashed the king of spades and in response to East's signal, switched to a club, East winning with the king and returning the six of
hearts. Declarer won in hand and played a diamond for the jack, king and ace, West cashing the ace of spades and playing another spade for East to ruff. Declarer overruffed and played the ten of diamonds but East won and exited with a heart. Declarer had to lose a club, down four, -800, 9 IMPs for USA II.
With boards running out USA I was heading for a moralesapping defeat. Cometh the hour, cometh the woman.

Dealer North. Both Vul

| - A 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc \mathrm{A}^{6}$ |  |
| $\diamond 85$ |  |
| - KQJ9542 |  |
| N | - 7643 |
|  | QQ9853 |
|  | $\checkmark 932$ |
| S | - 10 |
| ¢ K 102 |  |
| $\bigcirc \mathrm{K} 102$ |  |
| $\checkmark$ K 1076 |  |
| - A 87 |  |

Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
|  | 1\% | Pass | 2NT* |
| Pass | 30 | Pass | $3 \diamond *$ |
| Pass | $4{ }^{*}$ | Pass | 49 |
| Pass | 6\% | Pass | Pass |
| Dbl | All Pass |  |  |
| 2NT Natural, game forcing $3 \triangleleft \quad$ values in diamonds, sla |  |  |  |



Migry Zur-Campanile-Albu

Whatever the meaning of $4 \diamond$ North was soon jumping to slam. On the surface $6 \%$ has no play, but that is not quite true; say East leads a spade; declarer takes West's jack and plays trumps. West can, provided declarer reads the position, be strip squeezed. All speculation was ended when West alertly doubled for a diamond lead - that was a fast one down, +200.

## Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
|  | $2 \mathbf{2 0}^{*}$ | Pass | $3 N T$ |

## All Pass

Declarer took the opening lead of the queen of spades in dummy and claimed, +660 and 13 IMPs.

Dealer West. E/W Vul

$\bigcirc$ Q
$\diamond$ QJ 75

* KJ10865



## Open Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stansby | Levin | Migry | Meyers |
| Pass | Pass | $3 \varnothing$ | $3 \Phi$ |
| $4 \curvearrowright$ | Dbl | Pass | 49 |

## All Pass

Declarer had to lose two trumps and a club, +420 .

## Closed Room

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rosenberg | Palmer | Molson | Deas |
| Pass | $3 \boldsymbol{2 0}$ | Pass | 69 |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

Here it was North who pre-empted and South bid what she hoped her partner could make. Right she was! +920 was worth II IMPs, and an exact tie, 43-43 IMPs, which gave both teams I5 VP. If the matches that follow this one are half as exciting we are in for a thrilling event.


## This Sporting Life

## Rugby Union



New Zealand moved a step closer to ending their 24-year World Cup wait as they overpowered archrivals Australia with a controlled semifinal display.

The Wallabies had beaten the All Blacks in the semis of both 2003 and 1991 but were rocked by a blistering start and never truly recovered.

An early try from Ma'a Nonu and six points from the misfiring boot of
Piru Weepu gave the home side a 14-6 lead at the interval.

And with the All Blacks forwards in the supremacy and Australia's key men Quade Cooper and David Pocock unable to exert a decisive influence, two second-half penalties sent a capacity Kiwi crowd away into the Auckland night in delight.

## Formula I

Sebastian Vettel won the Korean Grand Prix from McLaren's Lewis Hamilton to help Red Bull wrap up a second consecutive constructors' championship.


Vettel jumped Hamilton on the first lap to take the lead and was unchallenged on his way to a 10th win of the season.
Hamilton defiantly fended off Mark Webber's Red Bull to hold on to second.

McLaren's Jenson Button saw off Fernando Alonso's fast-finishing Ferrari for fourth place.

## Tennis

Andy Murray moved up to number three in the world rankings, overtaking Roger Federer, after winning the Shanghai Masters final against David Ferrer.
Defending champion Murray won 7-5 6-4 to take his fifth title of the year.


## D'ORSI SENIOR BOWL

## Round 2

$\square$

## Indonesia

by Brian Senior

In the D'Orsi Senior Bowl, both Indonesia and France would be favoured on previous world championship form to make the knockout stages of these championships. However, both started with a loss, Indonesia by I3-I7 to Guadeloupe and France by I2-I8 to China Hong Kong. While it was still very early days, both were therefore keen to get a solid win under their belts in Round 2.
France had an II IMP windfall on the first board of the match when Eddy Manoppo failed to realize that his suit was cashing and allowed a notrump game which had gone two down in the other room to succeed. The French lead was up to 20-0 IMPs after five boards and things got even better on Board 22.

Board 22. Dealer East. E/W Vul.

- Q 104
$\bigcirc 76$
$\diamond$ KJ 1063
- Q 32
- AK 75
$\bigcirc 1043$
$\diamond$ Q 742
* 10


و 98632
คAKQJ98
$\diamond 8$
\% 9
4
$\bigcirc 52$
$\diamond$ A 95
\& AK 87654

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Grenthe | Lasut | Vanhoutte <br> 18 | Manoppo |
| Dble | Pass | 49 | All Pass |
|  |  |  |  |
| West | North | East | South |
| Tuerah | Poizat | Djajanegara Lasserre |  |
|  |  | 18 | $2 \%$ |
| $2 \varnothing$ | $3 \%$ | 39 | $5 \%$ |
| 5 | All Pass |  |  |

Both Souths overcalled 2\%. Patrick Grenthe made a negative double and Henky Lasut went quietly with the North hand - not a style that I favour, particularly at favourable vulnerability. Philippe Vanhoutte jumped to the spade game and played there. There was little to the play andVanhoutte soon had ten tricks for +620 .
In the other room, Donald Tuerah preferred to raise hearts and now Philippe Poizat competed with $3 \%$.Arianto Djajanegara introduced his second suit to help Tuerah to

## France

judge how far to compete and that was enough to convince Tuerah to go on to the five level over Guy Lasserre's $5 \%$.Tuerah can hardly be blamed for bidding $5 \checkmark$ when holding ace-king to four spades, but it turned out that there were three losers for either side, so that passing or doubling would have been more successful. Of course, had both majors split 3-I he would have been correct, as 5\% would have been making, while 2-2 spades and 3 -I hearts would make $5 \vee$. As it was, one down for - 100 meant 12 IMPs to France, stretching the lead to 32-0.

Board 25. Dealer North. E/W Vul.

- K
$\bigcirc$ K Q 2
$\diamond$ Q 1065
\& 105432
- 18642
$\bigcirc 643$
$\checkmark 83$
\& A Q 7

- A Q 10
-A 1085
$\diamond$ KJ4 2
\& K 6
- 9753
- J 97
$\diamond$ A 97
*) 98


Guy Lasserre, France

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grenthe | Lasut | Vanhoutte | Manoppo |
|  | Pass | INT | Pass |
| 2 | Pass | 3s | Pass |
| 49 | All Pass |  |  |
| West | North | East | South |
| Tuerah | Poizat | Djajanegara | Lasserre |
|  | Pass | $\mathrm{I} \diamond$ | Pass |
| 19 | Pass | INT | All Pass |

In their Precision style, the Indonesian E/W pair bid quietly to INT after a loose $1 \diamond$ opening and $15-17$ rebid. Lasserre led the seven of hearts to the queen and ace and Djajanegara's shot of the queen of spades at trick two was not the best available as the cards lay. However, it didn't matter. Poizat won the king and cashed the king of hearts then, seeing his partner's nine, switched to the ten of diamonds. Djajanegara put in the jack and Lasserre ducked. Declarer cashed the top spades then three rounds of clubs and two more spades so had nine tricks for +150 .
Vanhoutte opened INT, strong, and broke the transfer at his next turn. Grenthe raised to game and Manoppo led the nine of clubs. Declarer's problem is a shortage of entries to the dummy. Rather than play on trumps immediately, Vanhoutte played a diamond at trick two, getting it right by inserting the jack. That lost to the ace and back came a low heart. Vanhoutte ducked the queen so Lasut returned the


Henky Lasut, Indonesia
®2. Vanhoutte won and ruffed a diamond to dummy. A low spade now would have brought home the contract for another 10 IMPs to France, but Vanhoutte was concerned that he might not have another entry to dummy if he led a spade to the queen and it held. He therefore led the spade jack and had to lose a trick to South's nine for one down and 6 IMPs to Indonesia.
The trailing team certainly needed those IMPs but it did not indicate a change in momentum in the match. On the next deal...

Board 26. Dealer East. All Vul.
, AQ5
$\bigcirc K$ Q 94
$\diamond$ J 83

- 743


| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Grenthe | Lasut | Vanhoutte | Manoppo |
|  |  | Pass | $1 \varnothing$ |
| Pass | $4 \nearrow$ | All Pass |  |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tuerah | Poizat | Djajanegara | Lasserre |
|  |  | Pass | I $\diamond$ |
| Pass | 18 | Pass | $4 \diamond$ |
| Pass | 49 | Pass | 4NT |
| Pass | 5 | Pass | 68 |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

In the context of a strong club system where the 18 opening is limited, it may be a long-term winner to simply raise to game on the North hand, giving away as little as possible to the defenders. Clearly Lasut believes so, as I have seen him bid in similar fashion at previous championships. But Manoppo passed, having no way to know that he was facing two key cards plus the trump queen, and the cold slam had been missed. Grenthe's trump lead allowed Manoppo to make all thirteen tricks for +7l0.
It is, of course, an entirely separate issue whether it is a winning approach to open 18 with the South hand. Lasserre, playing natural methods, preferred to open his longer and stronger suit. Poizat’s I $\vee$ response was excellent news so Lasserre showed a game raise with long diamonds on the side. When Poizat could make a spade cuebid, Lasserre asked for key cards and settled for the small slam upon discovering that there was one missing. Djajanegara also led a trump so that was +1460 and 13 IMPs to France.

Board30. Dealer East. None Vul.

- Q 542
$\bigcirc 42$
$\diamond$ K 853
\& K Q 4

| ¢ AJ 1097 | N | , K 83 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ Q J 3 |  | $\bigcirc$ A 875 |
| $\diamond$ A 9 | W E | $\diamond$ Q 2 |
| \% $A$ J 2 | S | 210985 |
|  | ¢ 6 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc \mathrm{K} 1096$ |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ J 10764 |  |
|  | 2 763 |  |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grenthe | Lasut | Vanhoutte | Manoppo |
|  |  | Pass | Pass |
| 14 | Pass | 24 | Pass |
| 49 | All Pass |  |  |
| West | North | East | South |
| Tuerah | Poizat | Djajanegara | Lasserre |
|  |  | Pass | Pass |
| $1 \%$ | Pass | 19 | Pass |
| INT | Pass | 20 | Pass |
| 24 | Pass | 3 | Pass |
| 49 | All Pass |  |  |

The simple natural approach, which made the strong hand declarer, worked out rather better than the artificial Indonesian auction which began with a strong club and balanced positive response, making the weaker hand declarer.
Against the unrevealing French auction, Lasut led the king of clubs. Grenthe won the ace, led a spade to the king, back to the ace and a third spade. Lasut won the queen and tried a diamond switch. Grenthe hopped up with the queen, crossed to the ace and drew the last trump before playing the club jack. He just lost a heart at the end; +420.
Even after the unfortunate opening lead, it looks as though Lasut could have beaten the contract by switching to a heart instead of a diamond, partner switching to diamonds when in with the heart king.
Lasserre led a diamond from the South hand and Djajanegara had no option but to run it. He won the diamond return and tried the two of clubs from hand. Poizat hopped

up with the queen and led a heart through. Lasserre won the king and returned a heart. Djajanegara won in dummy and ran the spade jack then led a low spade to the eight. He cashed the king of spades and finessed the jack of clubs but, when that lost, was one down; -50 and 10 IMPs to France.
The French had built up a big lead, 6I-7, but were lucky to concede only 5 IMPs on the next deal.

Board 3I. Dealer South. N/S Vul.

$$
\text { A } 954
$$

ค98
$\diamond$ QJ 7
Q QJ 9

| ¢ 1087 | N | ¢ K Q J 32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ K J 2 | $W^{\text {N }}$ | $\bigcirc$ A 754 |
| $\checkmark$ A 4 | W E | $\checkmark 83$ |
| 2 76543 | S | -108 |
|  | ¢ 6 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ Q 1063 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ K 109652 |  |
|  | \& AK |  |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grenthe | Lasut | Vanhoutte | Manoppo |
|  |  |  | $1 \diamond$ |
| Pass | 15 | 24 | Pass |
| 5\% | Dble | All Pass |  |
| West | North | East | South |
| Tuerah | Poizat | Djajanegara | Lasserre |
|  |  |  | $1 \diamond$ |
| Pass | 14 | Pass | 2 |
| Pass | 3 | Pass | 3NT |

All Pass
Lasserre/Poizat did well to bid and make 3 NT on this deal. When Tuerah led a club there were ten tricks for +630 . Of course, a spade lead or heart lead and spade switch would beat the game.
In the other room, Vanhoutte made a natural 2 overcall and, I assume, Grenthe had simply not noticed the $\ \diamond$ opening so imagined that his partner had cuebid 2s over a Is opening bid. Anyway, Lasut was more than happy to double that, ending the auction.
Manoppo's $\mathbf{I} \diamond$ opening was Precision so did not have to deliver genuine diamonds. Lasut led a heart. Grenthe won and played a club and now Manoppo won and returned a diamond. Grenthe won and played a second club. Manoppo underled in diamonds to put Lasut in and Lasut cashed his two remaining trump winners before playing his last diamond. Grenthe ruffed and knocked out the ace of spades; down four for -800 and 5 IMPs to Indonesia.
Of course, there were a number of opportunities to get a larger penalty.
France won the match by 6I-I2 IMPs, converting to 25-4 VPs.

## By a Head of a Horse (Por una Cabeza...) <br> by Ana Roth

By a Head of a horse is a term that describes an almost tie in a horse race. "Por una Cabeza", meaning "by a head of a horse" in Spanish, is one of the most famous and popular tango songs by Carlos Gardel (composer) and AIfredo Le Pera (lyricist), written in New York City in 1935. The tango has been performed by numerous tango orchestras and is commonly featured in films and television. Tango scenes with "Por una Cabeza" appear in Scent of a Woman, a 1992 drama film directed by Martin Brest that tells the story of a preparatory school student who takes a job as an assistant to an irascible, blind, medically retired Army officer, performed by AI Pacino.
From 2011,October II to 13 , the Fédération Monégasque de Bridge (FMB) organized the "Coupe Prince Albert II" first edition, an event of the highest social level. SAS Prince Albert II himself met participants at the opening cocktail. This prestigious event brought together ten international teams, most of them with world champion players. At the end of the qualifying Round Robin the teams: Gladysh (with Krasnoselskiy, Gromov, Dubinin) and Zimmermann (with Multon, Fantoni, Nunes, Helgemo, Helness) ranked in positions I and 2 respectively and faced each other in a 48-deal final.
With just one board to play the teams were neck and neck, separated by a I IMP margin, when the board hit the table:


Cool contract... any lead.
At the other table, sitting North-South were FantoniNunes. Fantoni, feeling his enemies' breath on his neck, knowing that the match was close and that each IMP could be the difference, decided to make one last effort:

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dubinin | Fantoni | Gromov | Nunes |
| Pass | $1{ }^{1}$ | Pass | 20 (1) |
| Pass | $2 \diamond(2)$ | Pass | 32 (3) |
| Pass | $4 \diamond$ | Pass | 48 |
| Pass | 4 | Pass | $5 \bigcirc(4)$ |
| Pass | $7{ }^{\text {a }}$ | Pass | Pass |
| Dble (5) | All Pass |  |  |
| (1) Relay |  |  |  |
| (2) Hearts |  |  |  |
| (3) Clubs |  |  |  |
| (4) Odd number of keycards ( in ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ) including $\oslash$ control |  |  |  |

Gromov led a club... the Cup went to Russia and Fantoni lost his head...

## Championship Diary



When I spotted a leaflet offering 'De Telegraaf voor €I7.50 per maand' I was reminded of a story from the 1992 Olympiad in Salsomaggiore. Terence Reese was staying in our hotel and when he arrived to check in he was asked if he wanted a newspaper in the mornings. 'The Telegraph', said Terence.
Next morning we were sitting in the lobby as an obviously irate Terence made his way to the reception desk.
'Madam', he said, yesterday when I ordered a newspaper I asked for The Telegraph - not De Telegraaf.

An early visitor to the Bulletin Room was Press Room supremo Jan Swaan. He had the misfortune to step on some important wires, causing Tacchi to remark, 'There's a cloud to every silver lining'.

We have equipped every member of the Bulletin team with a pedometer. The person covering the most distance during the Championships will win the jackpot (not quite on a par with Euro Millions, but if there is a tie it will roll over to the next tournament.)

During the Venice Cup match between the teams representing the United States the VuGraph operator in the Open Room reported that East was reading a book. We asked Jean-Paul Meyer if it could be a bridge book - 'of course not', was his immediate reply. 'Surely', observed Barry Rigal, 'it should depend on who the author is'.

## BERMUDA BOWL

## Round I

USA 1

## Civil War

by Brent Manley
The round robin phase of three championships - Bermuda Bowl, Venice Cup and D'Orsi Senior Bowl - opened with the six USA teams playing against each other.
The opening round of the Bermuda Bowl, USA I (Martin Fleisher, Mike Kamil, Bobby Levin, Steve Weinstein, Chip Martel, Lew Stansby) met USA 2 (Kevin Bathurst, Joe Grue, John Hurd, Justin Lall, Joel Wooldridge, Daniel Zagorin). In a swing-filled match, the younger team - USA 2 - prevailed by 20 IMPs.

It was 21-0 USA 2 after three boards, the following deal providing 13 IMPs.

Board 3. Dealer South. E/WVul.

|  | - KJ96 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\bigcirc 107$ |  |
|  | $\checkmark 87$ |  |
|  | \& KJ754 |  |
| - A 1073 | N | - Q 842 |
| $\bigcirc$ A |  | $\bigcirc \mathrm{K}$ Q 96 |
| $\diamond$ KQ 1093 |  | $\checkmark$ J 42 |
| - A 82 | S | -109 |
|  | - 5 |  |
|  | P185432 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ A 65 |  |
|  | \& Q 63 |  |


| West | North | East | South <br> Wooldridge |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Weinstein |  |  |  |

The story would have been different had Weinstein found the club lead, but he started with a low diamond. Hurd put up dummy's king and followed with the queen to Weinstein's ace. When Weinstein switched to a low club, Hurd could see nine tricks, so he didn't mess around. He went up with the A , unblocked the 8 A , got to his hand with the $\diamond$ and soon was claiming nine tricks for plus 600 .

| West <br> Stansby | North <br> Grue | East <br> Martel | South <br> Lall |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 \diamond$ | Pass | 18 | Pass |
| $1 \$$ | Pass | $2 \uparrow$ | Pass |
| $4 \uparrow$ | All Pass |  |  |

## USA 2

Grue got off to the best lead for his side - a low club. Stansby took the ace and followed with the A and a low spade. When Grue followed with the 49 and Stansby played low from dummy. The defenders were soon adding up their tricks (five) and writing plus 200 on their scorecards. That was 13 IMPs to USA 2.
The next board was a push, but USA I forged ahead on the following three deals, starting with board 5 .

Board 5. Dealer North. N/S Vul.

- K

ค 653
$\diamond 10953$
\& 17654


| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wooldridge | Levin | Hurd | Weinstein |
|  | Pass | $1 \diamond$ | Dbl |
| Pass | $2 \&$ | Pass | $2 \diamond$ |
| Pass | $3 \&$ | Pass | $3 N T$ |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

Wooldridge started with a low spade, taken in dummy perforce. Weinstein cashed his top clubs, gratified to see the queen fall on the second round of the suit. He was up


Joe Grue, USA
to nine tricks, and based on the bidding he could be certain of the location of the $\diamond$ A. It was an easy 10 tricks for plus 630.

The bidding at the other table was not available, but Stansby was allowed to play in 24, going three off for minus 150 and gain of 10 IMPs for USA I.
The next board provided even more IMPs for USA I.
Board 6. Dealer East. E/W Vul.

|  | ¢ A Q J 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\bigcirc$ J 87 |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ K 432 |  |
|  | 9104 |  |
| ¢ 9 | N | -102 |
| $\bigcirc$ AKQ 109432 |  | $\bigcirc 65$ |
| $\diamond 105$ | W E | $\diamond$ Q 986 |
| \% Q 5 | S | \% AKJ86 |
|  | 上K87654 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc$ - |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ A J 7 |  |
|  | \& 9732 |  |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wooldridge | Levin | Hurd | Weinstein |
|  |  | Pass | 24 |
| $4 \bigcirc$ | 49 | 5\% | Pass |
| 5 | All Pass |  |  |

Levin started with the $\$ \mathrm{~A}$, on which Weinstein played a suit-preference 8 . Making sure there was no confusion, Levin played the $\checkmark \mathrm{K}$ at trick two and continued the suit for one down and plus 100 for USA 1 .


Players in action in the Closed Room

Grue also started with the $\boldsymbol{Q} A$, and he, too, switched to a diamond at trick two. Lall won the diamond, but then tried to cash a second spade. Stansby ruffed and was able to claim II tricks for plus 650.
The I3-IMP gain put USA I ahead 23-2I.
On this board, Levin faced a tough decision as declarer at trick one.

Board 9. Dealer North. E/WVul.
\& AKQ10865
$\triangle$ AK 9
$\diamond 96$

- A

- 732

ค 1063
$\triangleleft$ KJ 108
\& K 82

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wooldridge | Levin | Hurd | Weinstein |
|  | $2{ }^{2}$ | Pass | 2 |
| Pass | 2 | Pass | $3{ }^{1}$ |
| Pass | 3NT | Pass | 48 |
| Pass | $4 \bigcirc$ | Pass | 4NT |
| Pass | 5\% | Pass | 5 |
| Pass | 5 | Pass | 6NT | All Pass

The auction made it clear to Hurd that his opponents' diamond control was in dummy, so he made the testing lead of the $\diamond 4$. Levin studied the dummy for some time before getting it right, rising with the king. The $2-1$ split in spades meant that he could get to dummy's 2 K , his 12 th trick. It was a well-earned plus 990.
At the other table, Grue played in 6s on a low club lead. After picking up trumps, he had to guess correctly in diamonds, which he did for plus 980 and a push.
Board II turned the tide against USA I yet again.
Board II. Dealer South. None Vul.

- A 76
-K 986
$\diamond$ K Q 94
- 82

```
& K IO 854
QJ72
\checkmark
& Q 76 5
```



- J 2
© A Q 543
$\diamond 1087$
\& 943

Lall and Grue played the North-South cards in 3NT, scoring 10 tricks for plus 430.

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wooldridge | Levin | Hurd | Weinstein |
|  |  |  | $1 \diamond$ |
| Pass | 18 | Pass | 2\% |
| Pass | 29 | Pass | 2NT |
| Pass | $3 \diamond$ | Pass | 4\% |
| Pass | $4 \diamond$ | Pass | $4 \bigcirc$ |
| Pass | $5 \diamond$ | Pass | $6\rangle$ |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

On the lie of the cards, the slam had no play. Wooldridge started with a low heart, and Hurd took the ace when Weinstein put up dummy's king.A low club came back, and Weinstein had no choice but to finesse. When that failed, he was one down, and he still needed to do something with dummy's losing spades. He pulled two rounds of trumps and tried to discard the low spades from dummy. Hurd ruffed the fourth diamond, however, for plus 100 and II IMPs to USA 2.
Board I3 provided unlucky for Levin and Weinstein
Board I3. Dealer North.All Vul.

## - A 9

คA6
$\diamond 85$

* K Q 9542
Q QJ 85
$\vee J 74$
$\diamond$ AQJ4
-63

- K 102
© K 102
勺K 1076
- A 87


Steve, Weistein, USA

Grue and Lall stopped in 3NT, played by Lall (South). On Stansby's lead of the $\uparrow 5$, 12 tricks were easy.

| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Wooldridge | Levin | Hurd | Weinstein |
|  | 19 | Pass | 2NT |
| Pass | 30 | Pass | 3NT |
| Pass | $4 N T$ | Pass | 6NT |
| All Pass |  |  |  |

Wooldridge started with a passive club, taken in dummy with the king.With a peek at all four hands, Weinstein could have made the contract by winning the opening lead in hand and playing a low spade at trick two. If West splits his honors, declarer takes the ace and runs his winners, coming down to this ending


On the final club from dummy, declarer discards the $\diamond 10$, but what can West do? A diamond pitch allows declarer to throw him in to play a spade into the tenace. A spade discard allows declarer to drop the Q and take his IIth and 12th tricks in that suit.
All that, of course, requires West to be in possession of the key cards needed for a strip squeeze. Only a person with X-ray vision would play for that situation over the $50 \%$ chance that East holds the $\diamond$ A. Accordingly, Weinstein played a diamond to his king at trick two and was quickly two down. The score was 58-24 in favor of USA2 and would have stayed there had Grue and Lall not had an accident, bidding to $7 \%$ with an opponent holding the ace of trumps. Levin and Weinstein did not make the same mistake, earning 14 IMPs in the process to close the final margin to 20 IMPs.

## Lost Property



If you found a Mount Blanc Pen after the first match on Sunday morning, it belongs to Vinay Mohan Lal of the Indian Seniors team. The pen has special value to Vinay so please, if you found it or picked it up by mistake, could you look for him to return it.
Thank you

## The Morning Line

by John Carruthers

We were intrigued to see that a couple of betting sites had bridge listed among their sports wagers. Both sites had Italy listed as favourite and USAI as second favourite. The Netherlands, Sweden and Poland were next, followed by USA2, Brazil, Israel and Bulgaria, with all other teams being listed at quite long odds. Betting on a 'league' winner, as these bets are characterized, is a bit of a mug's game because their total probabilities (on the betting sites) add up to a good deal more than I.
In all league bets, the true probability of some team winning is I, or certainty. So the total of the probabilities for each team's winning must add to I; except that, in the bookmaking world, the bookies force the probability to total more than I. The precise amount more than I is called the amount 'over the round' and is the bookmakers' vigorish.
Here's a simple example to show how this works: suppose there are four teams entered in an event and they are all considered to be equal. The true probability of any of them winning would be 0.25 , thus giving odds of 3 : I. In the bookmaking world, these odds would be shortened to, let's say, 2:I, giving each a (manufactured) probability of
winning of 0.33 . That adds up 1.33 and means that if the bookmaker received four equal bets, say $€ 100$, one bet on each team, he'd take in $€ 400$. In the payout, he'd only have to surrender $€ 300$ to the bettor who picked the winning team. Thus he'd make $€ I 00$ profit. This is the bookmaker's goal, to balance the betting so that he makes a certain profit. If all four bettors chose to bet on the same team, the bookie would have an exposed position, essentially himself betting on the other three teams, something to be avoided.
Another thing to remember is that the odds the linemakers devise are also a reflection of the action expected by the betting public. Thus, to bet on England in the FIFA World Cup, you'd receive worse odds in England that you would in, say, Brazil and vice versa. Here in the Netherlands, the Dutch team in the Bermuda Bowl might be listed at 7:I, but 8: I elsewhere, for example. The idea is to balance the books, not represent the true odds, whatever they may be...
Having said all that, how about trying to establish a true set of odds for our championships? There are my own (somewhat subjective) odds:

## Bermuda Bowl

## Venice Cup

## d'Orsi Bowl

| Italy | $3: 1$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| USAI | $4: 1$ |
| Netherlands | $9: 1$ |
| Sweden | $12: 1$ |
| Poland | $14: 1$ |
| Iceland | $17: 1$ |
| USA2 | $17: 1$ |
| Brazil | $19: 1$ |
| Israel | $19: 1$ |
| Bulgaria | $24: 1$ |
| The Field | $25: 1$ |

Do I think the first eight listed teams in each event will make the knockout round? No, absolutely not. The one
France
China
USAI
USA2
Netherlands
Germany
England
Sweden
The Field

in each event will
tely not. The one

| $4: 1$ | USAI | $3: 1$ |
| ---: | :--- | ---: |
| $5: 1$ | USA2 | $3: 1$ |
| $6: 1$ | Indonesia | $9: 1$ |
| 6:I | Netherlands | $14: 1$ |
| $9: 1$ | Denmark | $16: 1$ |
| $12: 1$ | France | $17: 1$ |
| $15: 1$ | Japan | $19: 1$ |
| $18: 1$ | Italy | $24: 1$ |
| 25:I | Canada | $24: 1$ |
|  | India | 24.1 |
|  | The Field | $25: 1$ |

thing we can say with certainty is that there will be surprises.

...continued from page I
In the Venice Cup, Germany won all three matches on opening day to accumulate 62 VPs , enough to put them ahead of Venezuela, sitting second with 56, with New Zealand only I VP behind in third.
It is much tighter at the top in the D'Orsi Senior Bowl, with France ahead, but only I VP clear of India, with Argentina and the Dutch team tied for third at 58.
Round robin play continues through Saturday, with the top eight teams in each of the events advancing to the quarterfinal knockout stage.


## Aggressive Icebidding Pays Off <br> by Micke Melander

Iceland took off early in their opening match against Sweden, securing a 45-0 lead in IMPs after only six boards. They finally won the match by 23-7 VPs (50-I7 IMPs) when the Swedes managed to get a few IMPs back in the later stages of the match. One of the reasons is clearly that the skilled Icelandic players know how to stir the pot by being very aggressive, but also playing solid bridge in general.
Some examples:
I. You have in the second hand with none vulnerable:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 103 } \\
& \diamond \text { A } 10953 \\
& \diamond \text { J } 10876 \\
& \& 8
\end{aligned}
$$

First hand to your right opens le, showing a) an II-I3 NT, b) a I7-19 NT, or c) a natural unbalanced $5+$ opening. Any bid?
2. Now you are in the opening seat with all vulnerable and have to pass, according to your system, having:

$$
\text { Q Q IO } 973
$$

$\bigcirc 104$
$\diamond \mathrm{J}$
Q Q 7432
The bidding goes Pass from you, $1{ }^{* *}$ to the left, Pass from partner and $\mathrm{I} \diamond^{*}$ to the right. $\mid \stackrel{\sim}{s}$ was as above and $\mathrm{I} \diamond$ a transfer, showing at least four hearts, could be several hands from very weak variations to slam tries. Any action now after knowing what your partner 'can't have'?
3. South opens $I \diamond$ (natural) in first seat, you have:
( K 10854
ค J 72
$\diamond 6$
Q Q 765
Any bid this time when no-one is vulnerable?


Thorlakur Jonsson, Iceland

On the first hand, Jörgensen for Iceland overcalled $1 \triangleleft$. Einarsson, his partner, just showed that he had a good raise and managed to put on the handbrake to stop in $2 \checkmark$ holding:

- KQ96
- Q J 86
$\diamond$ K 4
\& K 106
The Swedes did well, managing to stop in 2NT when either that or 30 was what they could make.
On the second example mentioned above, the full layout was:

Board 4. Dealer East. All Vul.

- AK 52
- A 53
$\diamond$ A 653
\& $A$

-K 962
$\diamond$ KQ9874
- J 86

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Einarsson | Fredin | Jorgensen | Fallenius |
| Pass | 19* | Pass | l $\diamond^{*}$ |
| Is | INT | 24* | 3NT |
| All Pass |  |  |  |
| West | North | East | South |
| Bertheau | Baldursson | Jorgensen | Jonsson |
| Pass | 19* | Pass | 20* |
| Pass | $2 *^{*}$ | Pass | 30* |
| Pass | $3{ }^{*}$ | Pass | 49* |
| Pass | $4 \checkmark^{*}$ | Pass | 4 ${ }^{*}$ |
| Pass | 49** | Pass | 5 ${ }^{*}$ |
| Pass | $6\rangle$ | All Pass |  |

Here the World famous Ice-relay was in action. Baldursson had the following information: game-forcing values, 0 -4-6-3 distribution, and the king of hearts, denying the king of clubs. In other words, he could count twelve tricks. Very well done.
In the other room Einarsson overcalled Is and Jorgensen wasn't slow in making a pre-emptive raise. That created enough damage to leave the Swedes in 3NT which was worth 12 IMPs to Iceland. Nice Icelandic actions at both tables.

In the third example Einarsson again overcalled l|.The Swedes finally managed to get to the right contract, but had a little bit more of a problem than just going via fourth suit and ending up in 3NT.This is the kind of constant pressure that might be a reason why you eventually win a championship when you tire out your opponents even when they don't really have any genuine problems. However, this was Round One, and the players where certainly not tired yet.

Board 9. Dealer North. E/WVul.

- AKQ10865
$\triangle$ AK 9
$\diamond 96$
- A

| - 4 | N | - 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QQ8754 |  | $\bigcirc 12$ |
| $\checkmark$ Q 3 | W E | $\checkmark$ A 7542 |
| Q Q 10743 | S | - 1965 |
|  | - 732 |  |
|  | $\bigcirc 1063$ |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ KJ 108 |  |
|  | ¢ K 82 |  |


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Einarsson | Fredin | Jorgensen | Fallenius |
|  | 20* | Pass | $2 \diamond *$ |
| Pass | 2 | Pass | 34 |
| Pass | 3NT* | Pass | 49* |
| Pass | 4)* | Pass | $4{ }^{4}$ |
| Pass | 52* | Pass | 5 ** |
| Pass | 5NT* | Pass | 64 |

All Pass

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bertheau | Baldursson | Jorgensen | Fallenius |
|  | 19** | Pass | $1 \diamond *$ |
| Pass | 31 | Pass | 49* |
| Pass | 64 | All Pass |  |

Baldursson set spades as trumps and asked for controls, he was pretty sure that $4{ }^{\circ}$ suggested the ace of spades so, when he saw that in his own hand he knew that something was happening. And since partner probably had something, he used fast arrival to the final destination, not exploring any more and closing the auction in 6s.
In the other room things were more difficult. Fredin was most probably thinking about making a classic 'Zia Cuebid' in hope of preventing a diamond lead when he knew that he was going to be declarer. However he didn't do it and got his paycheck when Jorgensen chose to underlead the ace of diamonds against 6я. Fredin thought for a while and jumped up with the king! When that held the trick he turned to Jörgensen and told him 'what an excellent lead he had found', but probably more likely patted himself on the shoulder for making such an expert play.Well done.

## WBF NOTICES

## Restaurant information



## Brasserie Porticato

During the Championships this restaurant does not take reservations.
Kitchen opened from 12:00 22:00 hrs.

## Restaurant Binnenhof

During the Championships this restaurant will be open for breakfast from 07:00-10:30 hrs (I I:30 on Sundays).
In the evening this restaurant serves a daily changing three-course dinner buffet from 18:30-22:00 hrs. This restaurant does not take reservations.

## Restaurant Uithof

During the Championships this restaurant will be the most luxurious restaurant at the venue. It serves à la carte lunches and dinners of high standard and has a fine choice of wines.

Reservations required, either at the restaurant or call $+31(0) 40-2581988 /+31(0) 6-52018028$.
Lunch from 12:00-14:00 hrs, dinner from 18:00 22:00.

## Women's Committee meeting



The WBF Women's Committee meeting will be held on Tuesday 18th October at 09.15 am.
It will be in Room 7 - the sign on the door says WBF Meeting Room 2.

## Systems Committee meeting

The WBF Systems Committee Meeting will be held on Tuesday 18th October at II:00 am.
It will be in Room 7 - the sign on the door says WBF Meeting Room 2.



# The $7^{\text {th }}$ Asia Pacific Bridge Federation Congress FukUOKA, JAPAN, 2012 <br> August 25th - September 2nd, 2012 

The Japan Contract Bridge League would like to welcome all our bridge friends from Zones 4, 6 and 7 to participate in the $7^{\text {th }}$ APBF Congress which will be held in Fukuoka, Japan, from August $25^{\text {th }}$ to September $2^{\text {nd }}, 2012$.

Fukuoka, a historical city located in the Kyushu island, has developed as the Asian Gateway, connected with direct flights from/to various Asian cities and with ferries from/to Busan, Korea. The venue of the 2012 Congress will be the Hilton Fukuoka Sea Hawk, the hotel well known as the largest convention and resort hotel in West Japan. We believe that all our friend players, coaches, and officials would love the relaxing atmosphere of the venue and the warmest welcome from the people of Fukuoka.
We look forward to seeing you all and share wonderful moments of bridge and friendship at the 2012 APBF Congress!

Japan Contract Bridge League 2012 APBF Congress Organizing Committee

Venue : Hilton Fukuoka Sea Hawk
*20 minute drive from Fukuoka International Airport .

Tentative Schedule *Details to be announced on the "2012 APBF" website, in fall, 2011.
August 24 (Fri) 19:00 APBF Delegates Meeting (1)
August 25(Sat) 10:00
APBF Delegates Meeting (2)
11:00 Captains' Meeting
12:30 Opening Ceremony/Welcome Reception
14:30 APBF Open Pairs (Qualifications)
August 26(Sun) 10:00
August 27(Mon) 10:00 APBF Open Pairs (Finals)

September 1(Sat) 10:00 APBF Team Championships (Semi-Finals)
10:00 Consolation Open Teams (Qualifications)
September 2(Sun) 10:00 APBF Team Championships (Finals) 10:00 Consolation Open Teams (Finals)
10:00 Consolation Open Pairs
19:00 Victory Dinner
"2012 APBF" website
http://www.jcbl.or.jp/apbf2012/

Entry Fees ... Entry starting date will be announced in fall, 2011, on the "2012 APBF" website.
APBF Championships
*Teams: Open series, Women series, Senior series ... US\$1,000 each team
*Youth teams: US\$200 each team
*Pairs: US\$120 each pair
Side games: details to be announced in fall, 2011, on the "2012 APBF" website.
Accommodation ... Reservations will start in fall, 2011, via "2012 APBF" website.
Three Hotels are of our recommendation for participants' convenience with special APBF room rates. The one is our host Hotel - the Hilton Fukuoka Sea Hawk - and two other hotels, both only 7 minutes walking from the APBF venue. All the youth teams participating in the APBF Championships, will be offered 2,000 yen aid per player (excluding NPC/coach) from the Organizing Committee.

- Hilton Fukuoka Sea Hawk - Stay at the APBF venue! http://www.fukuokaseahawk.hilton.com/
* Special APBF room rates: Prices not including breakfast/taxes.

> Single room Twin room Double room

Weekdays/Sundays Saturdays *Breakfast 1,700 yen/person
10,500 yen $\quad 1500$ en
15,500-19,500 yen
12,500 yen
15,500 yen 19,500 yen

- Hyatt Residential Suites Fukuoka - With kitchen and laundry/dryer machine!
http://www.hyatt-rsf.co.jp/
* Special APBF room rates: to be announced in fall, 2011, on the "2012 APBF" website.
-Twins Momochi - Practical type hote!! http://www.twinsmomochi.jp/
*No English site available/Special APBF room rates: to be announced in fall, 2011, on the "2012 APBF" website.

